



KING'S PRINCESS
SHOWING TO-DAY
JANE RUSSELL
JEFF CHANDLER
Technicolor
FOX FIRE
DAN DURYEA
A UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

KING'S PRINCESS EMPIRE
★ NEXT CHANGE ★

VISTAVISION
BOB HOPE
MILLY VITALE
THE SEVEN LITTLE FOYS
Color by TECHNICOLOR
SONO NIKKI
with GEORGE LOYAS - ANGELA CLARKE - Produced by Jack Fox - Directed by Melville Shapson - Written for the Screen by Melville Shapson and Jack Fox

HOOVER LIBERTY
CAUSEWAY BAY TEL 72371 KOWLOON TEL 50333

◆ **DEPHNS EOD-DAY** ◆
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

Into the ruthless world of a tramp steamer...
ANTHONY STEEL
PETER FISCH
DIANE CLEMENT
PASSAGE HOME
Color by TECHNICOLOR

NEW YORK GREAT WORLD
CAUSEWAY BAY TEL 78721 KOWLOON TEL 53550

◆ **SHOWING TO-DAY** ◆
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

ALLIED ARTISTS presents
CORNEL WILDE
RICHARD CONTE
BRIAN DONLEVY
JEAN WALLACE
SCORCHING! STARTLING!
THE BIG COMBO
ALSO: LATEST BRITISH-GAUMONT NEWS
NEXT CHANGE

ROBERT CRAWFORD RALPH MEEKER
BIG HOUSE U.S.A.
Directed by UNITED ARTISTS

CAPITOL RITZ
TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

VISTAVISION
RUN FOR COVER
Color by TECHNICOLOR
JAMES CAGNEY - LINDORF DEREA
with JEAN MARCUS - CLAUDE WITTELLS - Produced by ROBERT ALTON - Directed by ROBERT ALTON - Screenplay by ROBERT ALTON - Story by ROBERT ALTON - A Paramount Picture

RICOCHET ROMANCE
MARIORE MAIN-CHILL WILLS
ALFONSO REBOTA - PEDRO GONZALEZ GONZALEZ
BURY WILLES with BARRY HARTMAN - ROSE REBOTA
A UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

COMMENCING TO-MORROW
GARY COOPER - BURT LANCASTER
"VERA CRUZ" in SuperScope

LEE
TO-MORROW
at 7.30 p.m.

CANTONESE OPERA
Admission: \$4.50, \$3.00, \$2.00 & \$1.00

PRESIDENT LOPES ARRIVES AHEAD OF SCHEDULE

London, Oct. 24

Seven warships conveying the first Portuguese President ever to pay a State visit to Britain this evening dropped anchor for the night 40 miles outside London. The naval sloop Bartolomeu Dias with President General Francisco Craveiro Lopes and his wife abroad came to rest amid her escort of destroyers and frigates an hour ahead of schedule within sight of crowds peering across the Thames River estuary at Shoeburyness, near Southend.

Earlier as the convoy headed by the Portuguese destroyers Tejo, Vouge and Lima passed up the Channel, watchers gathered with binoculars at resorts on the English Southeast coast. When the Bartolomeu Dias begins the final stretch of the voyage from Lisbon tomorrow, the British half of the escort — the destroyer Vigo and two frigates — will be replaced by four fast naval patrol boats to conduct the President's sloop up the Thames to the Tower of London.

In Royal Barge

Here the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester representing Queen Elizabeth will greet the President's party and bring them to the Royal barge upstream in Westminster in the heart of London, where the Queen and Duke will await their guests. Londoners will then have their chance to welcome their visitors — the first head of state from Portugal to come here officially since 1899 — when they line the decked mile of streets from Westminster to Buckingham Palace along which the President and the Queen will drive in carriage procession.

In the second carriage the Duke of Edinburgh will ride with Senhora Craveiro Lopes. Behind them will come Princess Margaret, the Queen Mother and other members of the Royal Family who also will have greeted the President's party at Westminster Pier.

Final touches were today added to the street decorations along the route. Portuguese and British flags hung side by side from massive standards all along The Mall, the majestic avenue approach to the Palace. The garlands, crowns and lancehead finials were today put in position on the three-trophy flagpoles.

Bathed In Light

Tomorrow evening London will turn on the lights in honour of its Portuguese visitors. The full programme of floodlighting will be revived from lighting up time to midnight for the four days of the State visit.

Ike Calls In Economic Advisers

Denver, Oct. 24. President Eisenhower met with UN Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr. today and also called in his top economic advisers for a quick briefing on the national economy and perhaps an educated viewpoint on the fluctuating stock market.

Mr. Lodge, who arrived here by plane at 10.55 a.m., went immediately to Eisenhower's office to call on Mr. Eisenhower before lunch. He said he intended to cover all recent UN developments including the walkout of the French delegation from the United Nations over attempts to include the troubled North Africa situation on the UN agenda.

Full-Scale Briefing

It will be the President's first full-scale briefing on United Nations developments since he was stricken with a heart attack on September 24. "I expect to discuss everything about the United Nations including the French question," Mr. Lodge told newsmen before driving to the hospital. He flew here from Salt Lake City where he made a speech over the weekend. He was to fly from here to Sioux Falls, South Dakota, for another speaking engagement. Mr. Eisenhower was expected to see his economic advisers, Dr. Charles Hays, his chief assistant on economic matters, and Dr. Arthur F. Burns, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, following his talk with the UN Ambassador. — United Press

Nelson's Column in Trafalgar Square will be bathed in light. So will the nearby fountains, the Admiralty Arch, Horse Guards, the Tower of London and other historic landmarks of the capital.

The President will begin a crowded round of engagements as soon as he has lunched tomorrow. The President will stay at the Palace as guest of the Queen until he flies home next Friday. Tomorrow afternoon he will lay a wreath on the tomb of Britain's Unknown Warrior in Westminster Abbey.

His next call will be at Clarence House where he will pay his respects to the Queen Mother. At nearby St James's Palace he will receive an address of welcome from the London County Council, head of the civil administration of the capital.

The Council Chairman, Mr. Norman Pritchard, will read and present the address inscribed in vellum and bearing the Council's crest.

Pride Of Place

In the evening the President and his wife will be guests of honour at the State banquet at Buckingham Palace. Here the Queen will propose the toast of her visitor's health and the President will reply.

The speeches at the banquet are given pride of place in the British Broadcasting Corporation's programme tomorrow evening.

Later in the week the President and his wife will travel eastwards to lunch as guests of the Lord Mayor in the Guildhall, hub of the capital's commercial and banking life, and will be guests, along with the Queen and Duke, of the British Government at a gala opera performance. They will visit the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, to hear Rafael Kubelik conduct a performance of Smetana's "The Bartered Bride."

Modern Touch

The most modern touch in the programme is scheduled for Thursday when the President, before returning to London for the opera, will see acrobatic and formation flying displays by Britain's latest planes and helicopters at a Royal Air Force station and will tour the atomic research establishment at Harwell, 50 miles west of the capital.

Scotland Yard tonight announced restrictions on traffic, closing a number of roads in Central London and diverting 29 bus routes so that the procession to the Palace, escorted by the Household Cavalry in their age-old uniforms of shining breastplates and plumed helmets, will be unhindered by vehicles.

Car parking facilities in the area have been withdrawn so that the crowds can assemble at vantage points.

A British official spokesman said this evening: "All our preparations are made. All we need now is a fine day for the crowds and for the President."

Fog Problem

But plans to prevent fog — not uncommon in London in late October — disrupting the schedule are ready.

If it is foggy the President will drive to Westminster instead of entering London along its river approach.

Weather experts tonight feared some fog but believed it might disperse by midday. Sunshine was forecast for later in the day. — Reuter.



Turkey's new Ambassador to the United Kingdom, Mr. Suat Hayri Urganli, is shown boarding the State Carriage in London on Wednesday before presenting his credentials to Queen Elizabeth. Mr. Urganli replaces an interim Charge d'Affaires in London, Mr. Faruk N. Borkol. It is hoped that Mr. Urganli's appointment will strengthen still further the ties between the United Kingdom and Turkey. — Express Photo.

Russian Revolution Anniversary Slogans For All

Moscow, Oct. 24.

Separate greetings to the "Japanese people fighting against the revival of militarism," "the great Indian people" and the Chinese People's Republic have been issued in a series of slogans issued tonight to mark the 38th anniversary of the Russian Revolution, which falls on November 7.

Among the slogans quoted by the Tass news agency was one urging workers to "raise the level of mechanisation and automation all over the industrial field of production."

Others called on the food industry to expand output, improve quality and reduce costs with more sugar, fats, meat and milk for the people.

There was a call to the men of the Soviet armed forces to "ceaselessly improve your military and political knowledge perfect your fighting preparedness, master the latest achievements of combat technique and latest armaments."

Soviet greetings to the peoples of the world included Yugoslavia, the German Federal Republic and Finland, while the greeting to Austria welcomed "the treaty reviving the independent and democratic Austria."

Lasting Peace

One greetings slogan said: "Long live the friendship and co-operation of the peoples of Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union in their fight to ease international tension, to preserve the peaceful co-existence of states and to secure a lasting peace in the world."

Another hoped that Soviet friendship with France and Italy might grow "in their common struggle for peace, against the resurgence of German militarism and for the establishment of a system of collective security in Europe."

One slogan was addressed to "the workers of the German Federal Republic fighting against the forces of reaction." — Reuter.

33 Years For Deserter

Berlin, Oct. 24.

A sentence of 33 years' hard labour was imposed by a United States Army court martial earlier this month on a soldier who deserted to East Germany.

Private Tommy R. Woods, 24, of Rogersville, Tennessee, received the maximum sentence at a court martial here on October 4 for desertion, attempting to cause the defection of another soldier to the Communists, and associating himself with Communist movements in East Germany, knowing that they advocated "the violent overthrow of the US Government."

He was also sentenced to be dishonourably discharged. — China Mail Special.

Bell Hurts Boy

Amsterdam, Oct. 24.

Jo Boymans, a 15-year-old schoolboy, was seriously injured here when a bell weighing 90 lbs broke loose from the school tower and fell on him in the playground.

Boymans was rushed to hospital. — China Mail Special.

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA EMPIRE
AIR-CONDITIONED
SPECIAL TIMES: 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.
2nd BIG WEEK!

THE MIGHTIEST MOTION PICTURE OF THEM ALL!
WALT DISNEY
20,000 Leagues UNDER THE SEA
Color by TECHNICOLOR
CINEMASCOPE
KIRBY DOUGLAS • JAMES MASON • PAUL LUCAS • PETER LORÉ

Next Change at the Queen's & Alhambra
WB's 5 Academy Award Winner
"A STREET CAR NAMED DESIRE"
with Vivien Leigh — Marlon Brando

ROXY & BROADWAY

★ **SHOWING TO-DAY** ★
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
ENGLAND'S MIGHTIEST PERIOD LIVES AGAIN!

20th CENTURY FOX
BETTE DAVIS
RICHARD TODD
JOAN COLLINS
The Virgin Queen
Color by DECCA
CINEMASCOPE
in the style of STEPHENSON'S

ORIENTAL
AIR-CONDITIONED
SHOWING TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

IN PERSPECTA, DIRECTIONAL STEREOPHONIC SOUND!

BIGGEST PICTURE EVER PRODUCED IN HOLLYWOOD!
M-G-M SPECTACLE in CINEMASCOPE COLOR
THE PRODIGAL
Color by DECCA
LANA TURNER • EDMUND PURDOM • LOUIS CALHERN

SHOWING **Cathay** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
TO-DAY
AIR-CONDITIONED

IT'S COMEDY... WITH MUSIC ICE APPEAL!
JACK BUCHANAN
JENNIFER SCOTT
JOHN CARGON
BRUNO DE MARCEL
AS LONG AS THEY'RE HAPPY
Color by DECCA
DORIS DAY • JERRY WAYNE • DIANE DORS

VISTAVISION
JAMES STEWART
JUNE ALLYSON
Strategic Air Command
Color by TECHNICOLOR

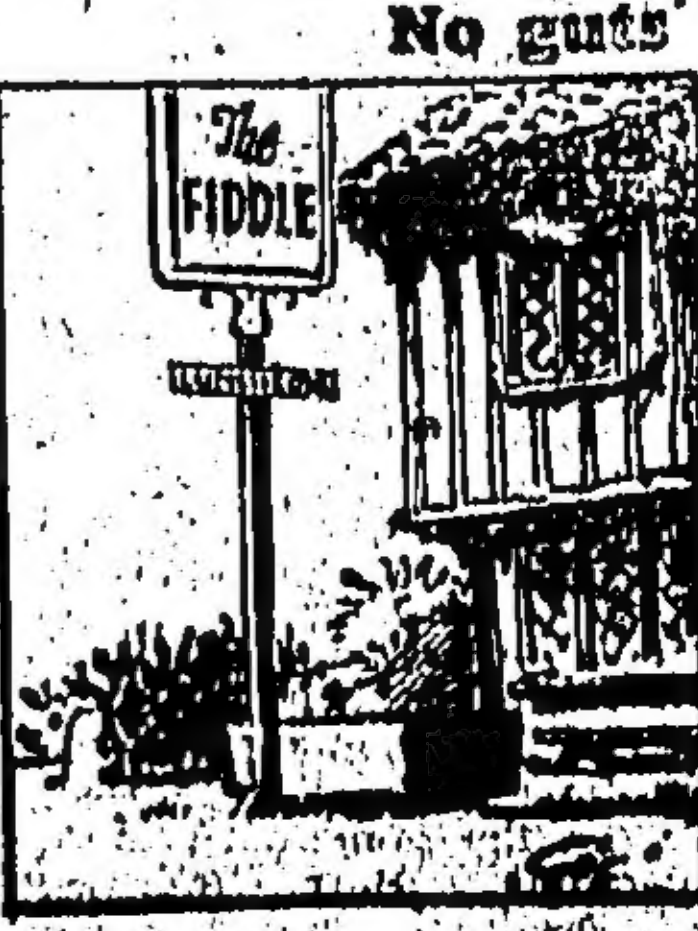
TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.
On Our Giant Wide Screen

DOUGLAS MANGANO
ULYSSES
Color by TECHNICOLOR
GARY COOPER • JANE FARRAR • JAMES CAGNEY • LINDORF DEREA
with JEAN MARCUS - CLAUDE WITTELLS - Produced by ROBERT ALTON - Directed by ROBERT ALTON - Screenplay by ROBERT ALTON - Story by ROBERT ALTON - A Paramount Picture

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Best quality of Keemun, Rose, Black Tea, Jasmine, etc. Packed in Gift Tins.
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103 Queen's Rd., C. Hongkong. Tel: 23720



UNUSUAL POLITICAL OPINION SURVEY SHOWS:

Stevenson Leads Presidential Candidate Field

ANCIENT COINS FOUND

Bagdad, Oct. 24. Silver and gold coins and various items of jewellery, dating back to early Islamic times, were recently uncovered at Daquq, a town about 50 kilometres (about 30 miles) south of Kirkuk.

Sayid Fawad Safar, Director of Excavations, Iraq Government, said that they were found by "a number of graduates of the Iraqi Institute of Archaeology who were conducting excavations in the ruins of the ancient 'Friday Mosque' as part of their training."

"The young archaeologists," he explained, "are looking for indications of Islamic architecture of the 12th century AD (the middle of the sixth century of Hegira, the Islamic calendar) which have been completely lost in Iraq."

"They were also studying ways to preserve the minaret of Daquq's 'Friday Mosque' as well as excavating the ruins of the earlier building of this famous mosque whose brick work and the decoration of the minaret are regarded as among the finest examples of Islamic art."

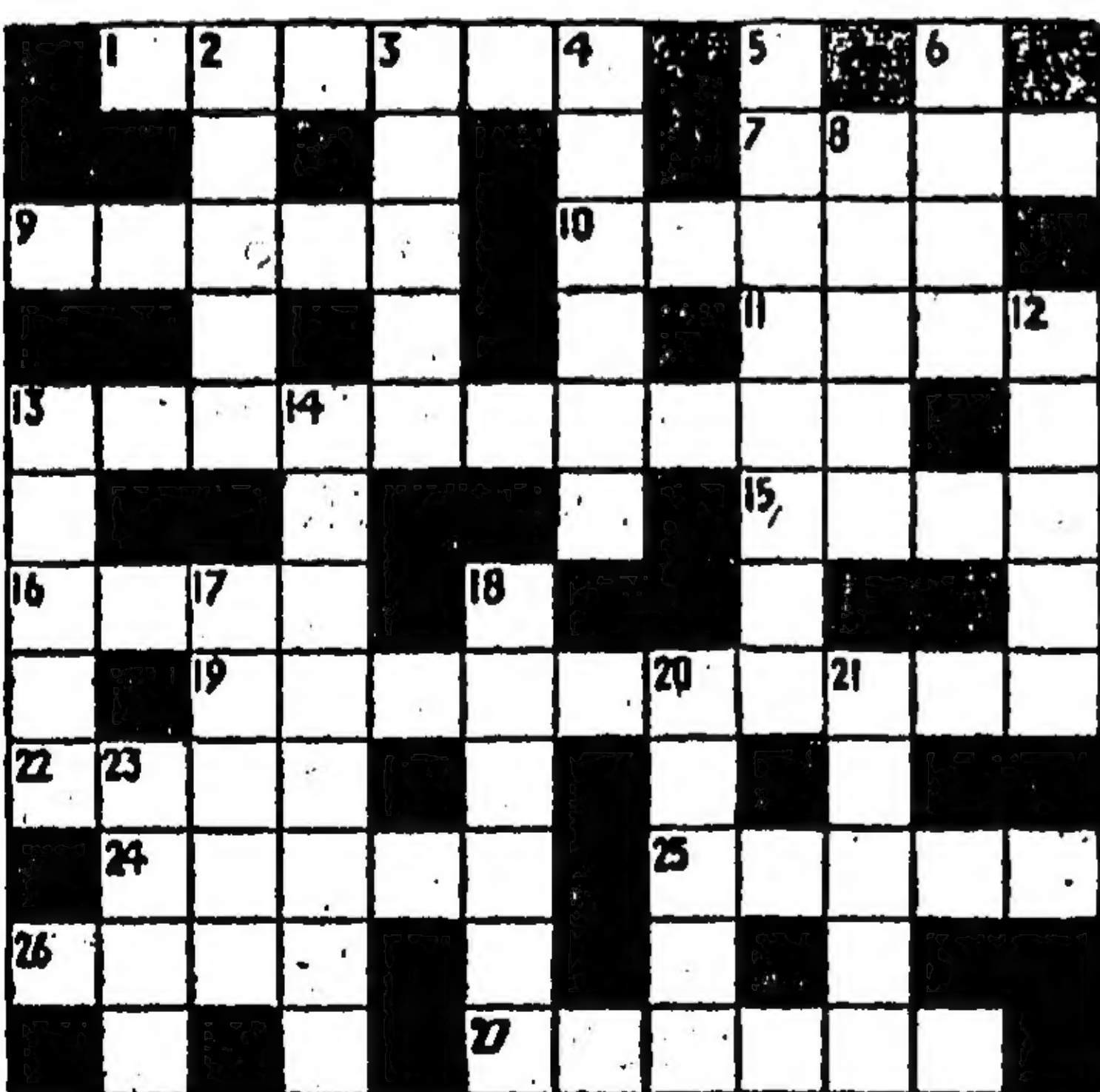
Preserved Jar

"While digging along the foundation of the ruins of the Mosque, they unearthed a well-preserved bronze jar finely wrought and containing about 700 silver coins of the ninth century of the Hegira (the 15th century AD). The coins are believed to have been minted by the Tamlarine dynasty."

"The gold coins and jewellery were found in a glazed jar of the 11th century AD (5th Hegira) workmanship. Both jars are considered to be fine examples of Islamic art."

"The new discoveries are regarded as the most important of their kind ever to be found in this country. They are expected to shed light on art and architecture of an Islamic period of which nothing has been a subject for major research for a long time. The coins and the jewellery are now being cleaned prior to being classified.—China Mail Special.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- 1 Narrative poem (6).
 - 2 Tale of heroism (4).
 - 3 Card game (5).
 - 4 Coconut product (6).
 - 5 Calatogue (4).
 - 6 Limited (10).
 - 7 Blind (4).
 - 8 Tie up a boat (4).
 - 9 Downcast (10).
 - 10 Song (4).
 - 11 External (5).
 - 12 Scale (5).
 - 13 Volume (4).
 - 14 Tourn (6).
- DOWN**
- 1 Wrong (6).
 - 2 Subsequently (5).
 - 3 Prepare by boiling (6).
 - 4 Exhausted (6).
 - 5 Prejudice (4).
 - 6 Houteur (6).
 - 7 Doctrine (5).
 - 8 Dance (5).
 - 9 Impend (6).
 - 10 Dislike (6).
 - 11 Scanty (6).
 - 12 Mother-of-pearl (5).
 - 13 Banish (4).
 - 14 Chout (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Curio, 4 Carpet, 8 Adiled, 10 Error, 12 Reared, 14 Portals, 17 Foll, 19 Escence, 20 Replete, 22 Owl, 23 Earsing, 27 Romas, 29 Prawn, 30 Strain, 31 Deepen, 32 Reola. Down: 1 Clasp, 2 Rldor, 3 Opera, 5 Avar, 6 Parion, 7 Turtle, 9 Delotas, 11 Refers, 13 Aserta, 15 Over, 16 Tallow, 18 Icon, 20 Romped, 21 Forade, 24 Astir, 25 Inena, 26 Genus, 28 Anle.

GOP SCRAMBLE IF EISENHOWER STEPS DOWN

Washington, Oct. 24.

Mr Adlai E. Stevenson apparently has a big lead over all comers in the Democrat Party whereas Republicans have not yet swung in large numbers to any 1956 Presidential favourite.

That statement is based upon an unusual sampling on political opinion just completed by the United Press.

Fifteen United Press bureaux, each suitably located geographically, participated in this sampling. Each asked a given number of representative individuals to state who they believed to be at this time the most likely Presidential candidate next year, assuming that President Eisenhower does not run. It was stipulated that these individuals name not their own favourites but the persons they think most likely as of now to win the respective nomination. Participants were promised their opinions would not be attributed directly to them although their names would be listed.

The United Press polled 100 men in most fields of adult activity (there will be a later sampling of women's opinion).

Reflecting the likely scramble for position among the Republicans if Mr Eisenhower steps aside, 13 Republicans received varying numbers of "first choice" votes. There were only six Democrats sharing "first choice" votes.

Here, at a glance, are the leaders in the polling:

DEMOCRATS

Adlai E. Stevenson 55
Averell Harriman 31
Estes Kefauver 5

REPUBLICANS

Richard M. Nixon 36
Earl Warren 25
Thomas E. Dewey 9
William S. Eisenhower 6
William F. Knowland 6

These polled represent a cross-section of Americans. Mr Edward Budd, Jr., president of Budd Co., Philadelphia, is typical of the industrialists contacted. Mr Paul Amidon, former Superintendent of Schools, St Paul, Minnesota, was among the teachers, a group which included seven university presidents. There was one opera director, 17 labour leaders, a hotel chef, a dozen farmers, 15 company executives. The political judgment of Mr Fred S. Gurley, president of the Santa Fe Railroad, is imbedded in there along with that of Norvell Clark, Dallas typewriter repair man, and each has equal weight. The combined judgment of these men suggested some political trends.

Vice-President Nixon is top man for 1956 in the collective judgment of those polled but he is a long way from a majority choice. Mr Nixon got 30 first place votes and one as a second choice alternate.

Chief Justice Warren scored 25 and one. Then came Mr Dewey and Mr Milton Eisenhower, the President's brother, with six choices each. It is apparent that they and the other Republicans have far to go.

Other Republicans getting "first choice" votes were Sen. Knowland and Gov. Goodwin J. Knight, both of California; Secretary of the Treasury George M. Humphrey, Ohio; Secretary of State John Foster Dulles, New York; Special Presidential Assistant Harold E. Stassen, Minnesota and Pennsylvania; FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, District of Columbia; Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., Massachusetts; Attorney-General Herbert Brownell, Jr., New York; and Gov. Christian A. Herter, Massachusetts.

Democrats

An important factor in Mr Nixon's political situation is suggested by a study of the other Republican choices. Most of them are Eisenhower Republicans as contrasted with the right-wing of the party. It seems fair to assume that the right-wing Republicans centred almost exclusively on Mr Nixon while the other elements scattered their fire.

It also is worth noting that four of the first six among Republicans are from California—Nixon, Warren, Knowland and Knight.

And the fact that Dewey tied for No. 3, even in so limited a sampling, suggests that his previous two times as a candidate may not be a disqualification for 1956.

The sampling indicated the Democrats already have narrowed their field to three likely contenders. Stevenson and Harriman are well to the front. Sen. Kefauver is regarded as a contender.

Only five persons in this sampling believed Kefauver to be the likely Democratic nominee, the five being scattered in the South, Midwest and Northwest. Both Stevenson and Harriman were picked in every regional geographical area.

Salty Comment

Only three other Democratic names were returned. Sen. Stuart Symington, Missouri, scored two first place votes. Sen. John J. Sparkman, Alabama, scored two, and Gov. Frank S. Lausche, Ohio, one.

The sampling obtained some salty comment.

An Eastern labour leader said: "Eisenhower will not be re-elected. Labour will see to that."

A Midwest university president said Milton Eisenhower would be nominated and elected "if the people had any sense."

A Midwest labour leader said, "They're crazy if they nominate Nixon."

An Eastern industrialist said, "A wild guess—and it is wild—but I think Eisenhower will win."

A Southern manufacturer said he always had been a Republican but that the party has no one worth nominating, and added: "I'll probably vote Republican again."

A Midwest executive: "I think Nixon will get the Republican nomination. I just don't see how the Republicans can nominate anyone else, even though they might want to."

Not A Chance

A Southern businessman said, "No matter whom the Republicans nominate they don't stand a chance—unless, of course, it is President Eisenhower."

Despite the pledge of anonymity, perhaps Texas cotton farmer I.V. Moss will forgive this direct attribution to him of an opinion given as he prepared to plough under his long-infected crop.

"Hell, it's too early to tell. And besides, it doesn't make any difference who's President. We'll still have corn, cotton and wheat,"—United Press.



Mr Stevenson

Russian Sailors Praised DISCIPLINED LONDON TRAFFIC

London, Oct. 24.

Traffic regulation in London and the city's "disciplined driving" were among the things praised over Moscow Radio tonight by Russian sailors back from their recent visit to Portsmouth.

The captain of the cruiser Sverdlov said he was impressed by the "very friendly reception of the people" of Portsmouth. "London is so huge that it is impossible to visit all places of interest in a single day," the captain said. When the sailors left their way they were grateful for help in getting them to the place they wanted.

On the way back to Portsmouth in the evening, the captain and his party commented on the yellow street lights, which were explained as providing better visibility in fog. The captain also praised the "cat's eyes" in the middle of roads for night driving.

Moscow Radio quoted a piece of dialogue between the British sailor, Robert Cumberland, and the Russian sailor, Fodor Makarov.

When Cumberland asked if the Soviet squadron had had a good wind, Makarov replied: "Yes—or better still—a Geneva wind."—China Mail Special.

NO FOOLING

India May Go 'Dry' April 1, 1958

New Delhi, Oct. 24. India will ban the drinking of all wines and spirits from April 1, 1958, if a recommendation of the Commission of Enquiry into prohibition, made public here today, becomes law.

The report recommended a ban on all alcoholic drinks, except where medically prescribed, and suggested that abstinence should be compulsory for all State employees. The greatest opposition to the prohibition is likely to come from the cosmopolitan capital of New Delhi, site of numerous embassies, accustomed to taking wines and spirits at their receptions.

The Indian Revenue Department, although officially silent on the subject, will doubtless also regret the 400,000,000 rupees which the sale of alcohol brings in to the national revenue annually.—France-Press.

EIGHT MILES OF FILM FROM 'TRY-OUT' SHIP MEANS WINTER'S TASK

Throughout the winter naval experts will be sifting reports of battle tests carried out in the cruiser Cumberland, the Navy's "try-it-out" ship. They will have before them eight miles of film and a mile and a half of taped-paper records.

Day and night for over four months the records were collected from experiments going on in the Cumberland, now back in this country from the Mediterranean.

Answers to the experts expected to find include:

TRAFALGAR SQ DISTURBANCE

'UN Flag Conditions An Insult'

London, Oct. 24. THE League of Empire Loyalists declared today that the conditions in which a United Nations flag was flown in Trafalgar Square, London, yesterday were a "deliberate insult to our own national flag."

The League, which believes in the "consentaneous development of the British colonial empire under British direction," was commenting on an incident at a United Nations rally in the square when a United Nations flag was hauled down and trampled underfoot by two men described as members of the League.

The United Nations flag had just been unfurled by Mr Selwyn Lloyd, Defence Minister.

Protest

The League said the conditions governing the flying of the United Nations flag "include stipulations that no flag of greater size must be flown with it and that no flag must be flown at a greater height."

"The League regards this as a deliberate insult to our national flag to which alone such conditions should be applied."

It added that the demonstration in London yesterday was also a protest against a statement made then by Mr Selwyn Lloyd, that world peace must depend on an international authority.

The League maintained that such an authority "function only as an international tyranny."—China Mail Special.

Sudanese Trickling Into Uganda

Kampala, Oct. 24. There are now between 2,000 and 3,000 civilian refugees from the Southern Sudan in Uganda and a "steady trickle" is continuing, Uganda Government spokesman said today.

The Government had set up two refugee camps for civilian refugees but most of them were now living with local tribes in northern Uganda, the spokesman said.

Between 20 and 30 men of the Sudan Defence Force had crossed the border individually since the August mutiny, when 150 Sudanese troops entered Uganda and were disbanded, it was officially stated. Any Sudanese troops entering Uganda are being sent to an internment camp at Gulu, where all Sudanese troops are still held.

The Government spokesman said no applications for the extradition of these men had yet been received from the Sudan authorities. Arms and equipment brought in by the troops had already been returned to the Sudan.

Sudan police posts along the border are still alerted and part of the 4th Battalion King's African Rifles is stationed at Gulu, with a detachment operating in the border area.—China Mail Special.

Is Austria Looking East?



AUSTRIA is free. Tomorrow all the troops of the former occupying countries will have gone, leaving behind them the question: "Will Austria side with Western or Eastern Europe?"

There are signs that the West may have been too complacent in regarding Austria as a firm member of the Western bloc.

Harsh words

FIRST, Austria has much in common with the history and traditions of Czechoslovakia and Hungary, now Iron Curtain countries. Before 1918, in fact, Austria was merely the Germanic heart of the Austro-Hungarian Empire—an essentially East European alliance.

SECOND, Austria's recent relations with the Western countries have included an exchange of very harsh words with Italy over the rights of the German-speaking populations of Trentino and South Tyrol. This part of Italy was Austrian till 1919, and it has always been a source of bitterness in Austria.

THIRD, Austria's recent dealings with the East have been cordial. A few weeks ago a delegation from Vienna crossed into Czechoslovakia to take over large quantities of arms and ammunition that Russia had offered in order to equip the new Austrian army.

Question mark

BUT the question of whether Austria will be a voice for East or West in the UN must wait. For Austria is still not a member. As a sign of her impatience at not being admitted, she has brought out a new postage stamp. It shows the world surrounded by flags of UN countries. The circle of flags contains a gap, with a question mark in it. In a corner near the gap the Austrian coat of arms symbolically suggests how the gap should be filled.

Restore Confidence Bid At Geneva

London, Oct. 24.

Mr Harold Macmillan, British Foreign Secretary, said here tonight in a recorded broadcast that he hoped the coming Geneva foreign ministers' conference would "make a further advance in restoring international confidence."

Mr Macmillan, whose nation-wide message was to mark United Nations Day, is now in Paris for Western talks before the Geneva meeting.

On the Four Power sessions opening on Thursday, he said: "We have much to do. A heavy task was laid upon us by the four heads of government when they met in Geneva last July."

"I do not want to exaggerate the prospects of success, but I hope we may make further advance in restoring international confidence and thereby help the United Nations to play the full part for which its founders hoped 10 years ago."

Turning to the 10 years' work of the United Nations, Mr Macmillan said that if the Organisation's achievements "have fallen short of our hopes in the political sphere, they have perhaps exceeded expectations on the economic and social side."

Little Known

He said too little was known of this great work of the United Nations, with its 10 specialised agencies and other affiliated organs.

He hailed the United Nations' expanded technical assistance programme as "an outstanding example of international co-operation in giving most valuable technical help" to under-developed countries.

He also praised the United Nations "promising and vigorous lead" on atomic energy. Mr Macmillan said last summer's Geneva conference of atomic scientists had set a high standard for future international collaboration in that field.

"Most heartening progress is being made, with the full support of the United Kingdom towards the establishment of the new international atomic energy agency," he said.—Reuter.

Bed-Making Ties Up Shipping

San Francisco, Oct. 24. An employers' spokesman today accused AFL firemen of "hard-timing" tactics that could tie up West Coast shipping.

The firemen began on Friday refusing to sign aboard ships as a result of a dispute over bed-making duties. Their current contract provides that stewards will make the firemen's beds.

At least 15 vessels of the Pacific Maritime Association and American President Lines were prevented from sailing from here.

Mr J. Paul St Surp, PMA president, said there was no disagreement with firemen over wages and that the bed-making and other minor issues were the only unsettled items of a new contract. "This is a form of hard-timing," he said. "We have asked for an agreement that they would not refuse to sign on. We have it with the sailing and stevedores. It must be in the contract and this is a perfect demonstration of what happens when we do so."—United Press.

42 OUTLAWS KILLED

Tunis, Oct. 24.

A total of 42 outlaws have been killed and about 50 others wounded in operations against Algerian rebels who attacked the mining centre of Boudjina, Tunisia, close to the Algerian-Tunisian border on October 19, it was learned here today.

Twelve were killed on Tunisian soil and 30 others in Algeria.

In addition, a quantity of weapons has been recovered. In the attack, three French civilians were killed.

A bomb exploded in the European part of Casablanca this morning near a petrol station, causing damage but no casualties.

The blast broke many windows and damaged a lorry.—France-Press.

COLONIAL REPORTS WANTED BY UN

New York, Oct. 24. THE Trusteeship Committee of the United Nations General Assembly today recommended that colonial powers henceforth submit to the United Nations reports on community development programmes in the territories they administer.

India put forward the plan for community development reports which was approved in the Committee by a vote of 40-0 with five abstentions. The recommendation must be approved by a two-thirds majority in the General Assembly before it goes into effect.

The approved Indian resolution would have Australia, Britain, Belgium, France, New Zealand and the United States supply the information on community development projects in the annual reports they now submit on economic and social and cultural conditions in the territories they administer.

As an annex to the standard report from the Trusteeship Committee, the recommendation would have descriptions of "basic programmes and progress" in the field of community development; administrative organisation; methods used, and training of community development officers.—Reuter.

What's best in
Kowloon?

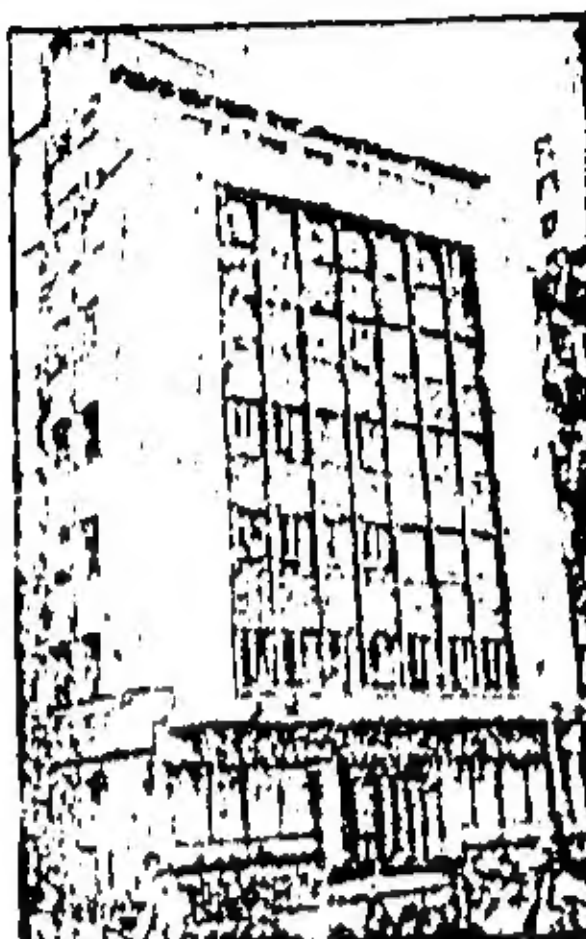


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London Express Service

BY GILES

AFTER ADENAUER, WHAT?

By
COLIN LAWSON

Berlin.
CHANCELLOR Adenauer's illness has spotlighted Germany's burning question. Who can possibly succeed the man called the "Old Fox" by friends and opponents alike? There is nobody in the Government coalition of Christian Democrats, Free Democrats, and German Party of Adenauer's calibre. Yet the pitch of power which Adenauer has attained for Germany demands a Prime Minister who allies himself completely with the West. Today, as never before, Germany's need is for a man of ability at the top. Even so, despite the legacy of success which the Old Fox will bequeath to Western Germany, he has done nothing to groom a successor. He is nearly 80. His vanity, I believe, has led him to think of himself in terms of Germany's leader for another ten years.

NO OPPOSITION

He has brooked no opposition among his own party. Politically, he has crushed the chief contender for party leadership, Jacob Kaiser.

Kaiser, now Minister of All-German Affairs, is typically described by some as "Minister of Non-Existence."

When Adenauer gave up the Foreign Office he appointed Von Brentano. But Brentano is a weak character, dominated by his boss, and has never fashioned policy.

Who else is there? Ludwig Erhard, the Economics Minister who has carved Germany's post-war miracle? He is widely regarded as the most probable. But his heart is in German trade expansion. He has no feeling for international politics. He also has a reputation for arrogance.

Vice-Chancellor Blücher is a Free Democrat and therefore unacceptable to the powerful Christian Democrats.

Home Secretary Schroeder is a third-class politician. Finance Minister Schäffer is a human calculating machine and quite unfit for international negotiations.

DARK HORSES?

The rest of the Cabinet are experts in their own fields—such as transport, food, housing—but little else.

A few dark horses have been mentioned, such as Karl Arnold, Prime Minister of North Rhine-Westphalia. But his choice would split the Christian Democrat Party from top to bottom.

And the same can be said of other minor figures. So that everything points to a repetition of affairs in Germany after World War One Germany, when powerful Gustav Stresemann died.

He was the Adenauer of his day. He brought Germany back to play a dominating part in world politics—and killed himself by his efforts.

With his death Germany was plunged into bitter internal confusion. From the cauldron arose Adolf Hitler.

Will the same happen again when Adenauer disappears? (CONTINUED)

GANGSTERISM TERRORISES ALGERIA

By SEFTON DELMER

THE SEA OF HATE
A Report on the Mediterranean



Djeurfa, on the edge of the Sahara, EXCUSE me if I'm panting a bit. But I've not done any climbing for quite some time. And what a climb this has been.

With a party of Foreign Legionaries to escort me—in their green drill battle-dress and floppy hats they look just like our own troops in Malaya—I have just clambered, heaved, and levered myself up 500 ft of hostile rock.

And here I am now looking down into the black, venomous, shark's mouth entrance to a series of underground caverns and galleries which until two nights ago were quite certainly still the lair of "Alfred" and his immediate staff.

"Alfred" is the code name—and nickname—under which the fanatically anti-French and anti-West guerrilla commander-in-chief Si Messoud is known to French troops hunting him and the Algerian terrorist bands he leads.

A VOLLEY...

IT is always possible I'm still here—crushed to death and buried by a fallen boulder, in one of the underground galleries of this warren of caverns. Legion volunteers have been down there trying to get him with grenades and tear-gas in a mad, frustrating, real-life version of a Thirteenth Man hunt.

For the tunnels are so narrow at many points that there is barely room for one man to wriggle in—all right for defenders but suicide for attackers. The most courageous, French Captain Shleicher, crawled within three yards of the cavern where he could hear Alfred talking with his men. He called on him to surrender. All the reply he got was a volley of shots from a carbine.

The Legionaries were confident they had got all possible exits blocked, that they would get him when starvation at last drove Alfred and his party out. A Legion party crawled through and explored the entire labyrinth. "We found just traces of where Alfred had been," one man told me.

FOUND?

NEWS has just come through by radio that contact was established with a guerrilla group about 30 strong 20 miles to the south of us. They are hiding in another stronghold of rock ravines and fortified caves—just like this one here at Djeurfa.

Those 30 men—they have already lost seven in this latest clash—may well be Alfred and his party popping up again. Well, I am most sorry I have missed him. But this climb and all my mulling and peering has been well worth while. All the same for the legionary has just shown me a paper he has found in one of the caves which provides the answer to the conundrum which has been puzzling me ever since I arrived in French North Africa on the

first stage of my trip around this Mediterranean sea of hate. What is the motive, I have asked myself again and again, for these apparently random assassinations of the man-in-the-street Moroccans and Algerians who, so far as the French police know, are just ordinary folk unconnected with any organisation, political or otherwise?

Must terrorists not fear, I have wondered, that these indiscriminate shootings and bombings will turn all potential sympathisers away from them?

Well, this sheet of paper which one of Alfred's guerrillas must have dropped in flight makes it quite clear that these random murders are not random at all but part of a plan.

"Alfred" and the men behind him in Cairo and in Tripoli do not want sympathy from their fellow Moslems so much as a discipline based on fear. The order says:

EVERYTHING useful to the enemy must be destroyed, whether it is a mosque, a school, or just an ordinary house. Destroy the telegraph poles. Attack repair men. Then the directive launches into a campaign of terror against the French and the Moroccan troops.

NO PRISONERS may be taken. Only really important chiefs are to be made prisoner.

CONTINUE setting fire to the farms and all homes of gnomes. (Moroccan levies are called gnomes.)

NO PITY may be shown for the families of gnomes or other Moroccans supporting the French.

TRY to kidnap the children of the gnomes. Cads and tribal chieftains appointed by the French must be shot down.

THE WIVES of settlers and French civilians must be killed. All tax collectors are to be killed.

All this, of course, is fairly traditional, with such movements. But then there is a sentence which shows up the recklessness and ruthlessness of Alfred and his group.

"Everyone known to be paying taxation must be shot. Tell the people, the directive goes on, 'that on no account may they smoke or use tobacco. All persons smoking will be shot.'"

There you see it. You are shot if you pay tax to the French. You are shot if you smoke a cigarette and thereby support the tobacco monopoly of the French.

Take my word, this is not just an idle threat. A Moslem sitting in a cafe has been shot at sight by a terrorist because he was found puffing a cigarette or sucking at his hubblebubble.

It is incredible. Can you imagine a more random form of murder than this ordering to shoot all taxpayers and all smokers?

Believe me, though, it is a highly effective form of terror in this Moslem world where right and authority are always on the side of the strong and ruthless.

TERRORISED

IT is estimated that there are about 4,000 guerrillas roving this vast area of eastern Algeria where I am now helicoptering between the Mediterranean and the Sahara.

But there are three and a half million French Moslems who have not the slightest sympathy with the rebels.

The Treadmill to Oblivion

FRED ALLEN in an interview with DAVID LEWIN



realise that when the zip fastener came in all the button jokes went out? And the refrigerators have killed off all the jokes about ice delivery men."

Allen's face muscles were set in characteristic gloom. (He is the man who once said he was hoping to find a way of withdrawing from the human race.)

Mr Allen—in London for a holiday with his wife, Portland Huffa—is not now actively engaged in radio, and confines his TV appearances to "Wild's My Line" and an occasional guest appearance.

Billing

He has been in the business of comedy since before the First World War—his billing then used to show a tombstone with the inscription: "Fred Allen born 1894." He was a radio star for more than 20 years.

"Radio and TV have taught me this," he said in his twangy, grating voice. "Any comedian in America is on a treadmill to oblivion."

"The more successful they are, the more they are on the treadmill for anything else."

and the more determined they are to keep on.

"If they fall off they're dead—because there is no other work for a comic in America than radio and TV."

"And if they stay on they go right to oblivion, because as they get older and grey-haired the only thing left for them to do is to act small parts like bankers at a time when they can't look their bank manager in the face."

"At the end of the treadmill there is no money for them—they've spent all they have earned keeping on the treadmill."

"How did I get off before oblivion? I had a heart attack three years ago and I had to get off."

"Now I look around and I see that my heart attack saved me. Look at Sid Caesar, the top TV comedian in America at the moment."

"He is just turned 30 and he earns \$25,000 a week. Think of that, \$25,000 a week—that's what, more than £2,000 in your money—and all he does is tread the treadmill of TV to make audiences happy. That pleases me."

"In America the men on the treadmill have to go to California when they're old. Not only because they can play

"And at this age—30—he has to go to a psychiatrist two or three times a week."

Mr Allen paused to sip a rich, creamy sherry. (His favourite type). "When I was on radio with a weekly show what time did I have to myself? I'll tell you—just half an hour in a week."

"For a moment Fred Allen cheered up a bit when he considered the English comedians, like the Crazy Gang, Jess Byrnes, and Norman Wisdom."

"It is not the jokes that make me laugh," he said. "It is the fact that I don't have to get on the treadmill of TV to make audiences happy. That pleases me."

"We finished the programme at one o'clock in the morning, walked over to a delicatessen to eat steaks—steak at that time in the morning—and then 30 minutes later got down to worrying about the next week's programme."

"For a moment Fred Allen cheered up a bit when he considered the English comedians, like the Crazy Gang, Jess Byrnes, and Norman Wisdom."

"It is not the jokes that make me laugh," he said. "It is the fact that I don't have to get on the treadmill of TV to make audiences happy. That pleases me."

"In America the men on the treadmill have to go to California when they're old. Not only because they can play

these small-part bankers, but because the climate is mild and they don't have to spend a lot of money on clothes."

Mr Allen has not to worry about money. In his career he has accumulated a dollar fortune and, it is alleged, kept it.

Allen disclaims this by saying: "With money I'm just a clothing horse for the U.S. Treasury."

Counting

I left him and he went back to contemplating the autobiography he is writing.

"Do you know," he said, "when I was writing for radio I always kept a complete set of Shakespeare in my office."

"They took up that much space," he told out his hands a few inches apart "but all my writings took up this much"—and his hands stretched out a yard apart.

"The comparison pleased me. I had so much more...."

"But now... now I've stopped and people forget."

"But Shakespeare is still doing very nicely, very nicely indeed."

(CONTINUED)

Learn soccer with the stars

Keep that centre-half guessing

—and try to take his eye off the ball



ROY BENTLEY
Born 1924 in Bristol.
Played as a forward for Bristol Rovers 1938, then signed for Bristol City 1939 and transferred to Newcastle 1946 for £10,000 and to Chelsea 1948 for £11,000.
These played inside - forward for one year until becoming a centre-forward. Capped for England in both positions.

GREAT goal-scoring like Gallacher, Dean and Lawto, make the centre-forward position look easy. But they had to work for their goals like the rest of us.

I myself lose about 10lb. in weight every match, and because no one can give his best when he is underweight, I go on the field a little heavier than normal for early season games when the weather is likely to be hot.

Why all this sweat, when the centre forward, at any rate when his team is defending, seems to be just standing? You yourselves know how quickly defence becomes attack.

At any moment a long ball may come up the middle from your own goalmouth and you have to be off with it as fast as you can. As centre forward, you probably have more and longer sprints than any other player.

THE BEGINNING

But that is only the beginning of it. In attack, you have two jobs—to distribute the ball among your fellow forwards so that they can either score themselves or make a scoring opening, and to score goals from openings made either by them or by yourself.

During one Cup-tie against Newcastle United at Stamford Bridge, I noticed that if I went deep into our goal area when Newcastle were taking a corner, big Frank Brennan, their centre-half, and his two full-backs, would come right up to the goal, leaving the centre open.

So at the next corner I told Bobbie Campbell, our outside-left, to move into the centre. Then, when our keeper caught the ball, I called for it and sent a long ball up the middle. Bobbie took it in his stride just on the half-way line and went through to score about the best goal I have ever seen.

WASTES TIME

Even if the centre is blocked, as it usually is, being your wingers into the game. You'll know, of course, not to send a pass behind them if you can help. But equally, do not send it much in front because that wastes time while your man runs after it. Try to estimate where your man will have reached in the time it takes the ball to travel. Put it, not where the man is, but where he will be in a second or two's time.

Then, if you see a gap in the centre, put yourself there to receive the return. But more likely there will still be no gap. Then you must make one by, say, moving out to the wing yourself and drawing the opposition centre-half with you.

If you are lucky, you may now have made a gap in the centre for your inside-forward or even for your winger.

Even when you stay in the centre and the ball is sent to you there, it still may not be right for you to try for goal yourself.

QUICK TURNS

That centre-half will probably be blocking your way, so you must always be ready to pass or head back to another forward who may have a clear sight of goal.

In distribution and creating openings, try all the time to keep the centre-half guessing, not only by moving out to the wing, but by three-yard darts this way and that and equally quick turns.

The centre-half wants to keep his eye on the ball and, if instead, you can make him look at you, you will get a second advantage in going for the ball when it comes. It is especially important to get his eye off the ball when it is in the air.

Mind you, you do sometimes meet a centre-half who makes things easy. In one friendly game the centre-half was told to follow me everywhere.

I kept on taking him out to the wing and we scored freely through the centre. At last, after our two inside-forwards had again gone through and scored, he turned to me in disgust and said: "Just look at our centre. It's wide open!"

TRY FOR RUN

As for shots at goal, if you are heading, try to get a yard or two's run in to the ball, and always try to get above it so that you can head it down.

When you are having a go at a fast low cross with your foot, use the foot nearest to the ball.

ROY BENTLEY, ENGLAND AND CHELSEA, TELLS YOU THE SECRETS OF GOOD CENTRE-FORWARD PLAY.

HELPING

Shooting yourself or distributing and making gaps for others, you are in every attack, the whole of the time, whether you have the ball or not. Then, even if you are not up to the standards of Gallacher, Dean and Lawton, and do not gain either their goals or their glamour, you will find that you are helping your team—and that you are losing a lot of sweat.

(London Express Service). (COPYRIGHT)

SPORT BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN AMATEURS—BUT THEY LIVE IN LUXURY

By TERENCE O'CONNOR

I was enjoying caviar and vodka with the leaders of Russian sport and trying to hammer out this vexed question of amateurism.

Having talks about sport in Moscow is never one-sided, because the Russians are deeply interested in how it works in other countries.

Before I could get my first question in I was bluntly told that the majority of Russian sporting chiefs, after studying the Western systems, believe our major fault is professionalism.

"If some people are paid and others not, there can be no harmony," I was told.

My eyes moved over to the corner of the banqueting room and I looked at that great distance runner, Vladimir Kuts.

He was dressed in an immaculately tailored light grey suit, and his wife looked as if she had just stepped out of Christian Dior's salon in Paris. What a striking contrast to the poorly-dressed people who move through the busy streets of Moscow.

ABLE SEAMAN

I recalled how a few years ago Kuts was an able-seaman in the Red Navy—and was now an officer in the Army.

Dismissing the question of Western professionalism I brought the conversation to Kuts. With amazing frankness the Russians admitted that they saw nothing wrong if their Champions were given extra privileges and a better life than other members of the community.

"They work hard and on the field of sports they prove they are men and women worthy of leading positions in the State," I was told.

"We believe it only right they should be given advantages over others."

"But surely you cannot call them amateurs," I argued. "I was bluntly informed that 'they are not paid for competing, which is our difference between professionalism and amateurism.'"

In Russia, professionalism is considered bad because it causes a rift in sport. They point out that a professional boxer in the West—particularly in America—can earn fabulous sums of money completely out of proportion to what he does.

qualified to compete in the Olympic Games providing they are not paid directly.

HOW IT'S DONE

The story of Kuts is interesting because it happens all over the Soviet Union.

When he was first seen in Leningrad chief coach Gabriel Korobkov realised he could become a great runner providing he was given the facilities to train properly.

He was furnished with an opportunity to take a student's course in Moscow and so had no difficulty in finding time for athletics. A similar procedure is followed with any prominent sportsman in any of the 17 Socialist Soviet Republics.

What happens if an athlete fails to make the grade? Like many pertinent questions I asked within the Iron Curtain, this one was evaded. I gather, however, that an athlete who fails to make the grade returns to his or her home and previous occupation.

Alexandra Chudina, the phenomenal woman who has set up World records for the High Jump and Pentathlon, was a chauffeur before her sporting success opened up a new life.

Now she is training to become floor manager of a factory.

The Russian view is that her exceptional ability will reveal itself in other ways outside the sphere of sport. It also is given opportunities of distinguishing herself in the workaday world.

Such a system is simple enough—when the State runs everything and holds all the purse strings—China. Mail Exclusive.

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Civil Aid Services

No. 38. Orders by the Hon. C.E. Terry, OBE, Commissioner, Civil Aid Services, of October 21, 1955.

Pay Parades.—(a) Pay parades will be held as stated below. Payments will not be made unless CAS Identity Cards are produced. (b) Personnel of the undermentioned units will report to the CAS Paymaster at the Pay Office, CAS Headquarters between 12.30 hrs and 1.00 hrs on the dates stated: 2.11.55, Rescue Service; 4.11.55, Shaikwan Zone, Central Police Unit; 5.11.55, Eastern Zone, Stanley Zone; 11.11.55, Central Zone; 14.11.55, Upper Levels Zone, Hong Kong Zone; 15.11.55, Despatch Service; 21.11.55, Western Zone. (c) Personnel of the undermentioned units will report to the CAS Paymaster at the Kowloon Training Centre between 12.30 hrs and 1.00 hrs on the dates stated: 12.11.55, Kowloon City Zone, Tsimshatsui Zone; 18.11.55, Yau Ma Tei Zone, Sham Shui Po Zone; 19.11.55, Mong Kok Zone, Hung Hom Zone.

Emergency Badge—Award of.—(a) The undermentioned wardens qualified for the award of the first and second emergency badge were: October 1, 1955: Mungtung Zone—3320 Koon Di-shing, 3037 Lul Fal, 3040 Chang, 3042, 3043, 3044, 3045, 3046, 3047, 3048, 3049, 3050, 3051, 3052, 3053, 3054, 3055, 3056, 3057, 3058, 3059, 3060, 3061, 3062, 3063, 3064, 3065, 3066, 3067, 3068, 3069, 3070, 3071, 3072, 3073, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3079, 3080, 3081, 3082, 3083, 3084, 3085, 3086, 3087, 3088, 3089, 3090, 3091, 3092, 3093, 3094, 3095, 3096, 3097, 3098, 3099, 3100, 3101, 3102, 3103, 3104, 3105, 3106, 3107, 3108, 3109, 3110, 3111, 3112, 3113, 3114, 3115, 3116, 3117, 3118, 3119, 3120, 3121, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3125, 3126, 3127, 3128, 3129, 3130, 3131, 3132, 3133, 3134, 3135, 3136, 3137, 3138, 3139, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145, 3146, 3147, 3148, 3149, 3150, 3151, 3152, 3153, 3154, 3155, 3156, 3157, 3158, 3159, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3163, 3164, 3165, 3166, 3167, 3168, 3169, 3170, 3171, 3172, 3173, 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Emergency Badge—Award of.—(a) The undermentioned wardens qualified for the award of the first and second emergency badge were: October 1, 1955: Mungtung Zone—3320 Koon Di-shing, 3037 Lul Fal, 3040 Chang, 3042, 3043, 3044, 3045, 3046, 3047, 3048, 3049, 3050, 3051, 3052, 3053, 3054, 3055, 3056, 3057, 3058, 3059, 3060, 3061, 3062, 3063, 3064, 3065, 3066, 3067, 3068, 3069, 3070, 3071, 3072, 3073, 3074, 3075, 3076, 3077, 3078, 3079, 3080, 3081, 3082, 3083, 3084, 3085, 3086, 3087, 3088, 3089, 3090, 3091, 3092, 3093, 3094, 3095, 3096, 3097, 3098, 3099, 3100, 3101, 3102, 3103, 3104, 3105, 3106, 3107, 3108, 3109, 3110, 3111, 3112, 3113, 3114, 3115, 3116, 3117, 3118, 3119, 3120, 3121, 3122, 3123, 3124, 3125, 3126, 3127, 3128, 3129, 3130, 3131, 3132, 3133, 3134, 3135, 3136, 3137, 3138, 3139, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145, 3146, 3147, 3148, 3149, 3150, 3151, 3152, 3153, 3154, 3155, 3156, 3157, 3158, 3159, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3163, 3164, 3165, 3166, 3167, 3168, 3169, 3170, 3171, 3172, 3173, 3174, 3175, 3176, 3177, 3178, 3179, 3180, 3181, 3182, 3183, 3184, 3185, 3186, 3187, 3188, 3189, 3190, 3191, 3192, 3193, 3194, 3195, 3196, 3197, 3198, 3199, 3200, 3201, 3202, 3203, 3204, 3205, 3206, 3207, 3208, 3209, 3210, 3211, 3212, 3213, 3214, 3215, 3216, 3217, 3218, 3219, 3220, 3221, 3222, 3223, 3224, 3225, 3226, 3227, 3228, 3229, 3230, 3231, 3232, 3233, 3234, 3235, 3236, 3237, 3238, 3239, 3240, 3241, 3242, 3243, 3244, 3245, 3246, 3247, 3248, 3249, 3250, 3251, 3252, 3253, 3254, 3255, 3256, 3257, 3258, 3259, 3260, 3261, 3262, 3263, 3264, 3265, 3266, 3267, 3268, 3269, 3270, 3271, 3272, 3273, 3274, 3275, 3276, 3277, 3278, 3279, 3280, 3281, 3282, 3283, 3284, 3285, 3286, 3287, 3288, 3289, 3290, 3291, 3292, 3293, 3294, 3295, 3296, 3297, 3298, 3299, 3300, 3301, 3302, 3303, 3304, 3305, 3306, 3307, 3308, 3309, 3310, 3311, 3312, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3316, 3317, 3318, 3319, 3320, 3321, 3322, 3323, 3324, 3325, 3326, 3327, 3328, 3329, 3330, 3331, 3332, 3333, 3334, 3335, 3336, 3337, 3338, 3339, 3340, 3341, 3342, 3343, 3344, 3345, 3346, 3347, 3348, 3349, 3350, 3351, 3352, 3353, 3354, 3355, 3356, 3357, 3358, 3359, 3360, 3361, 3362, 3363, 3364, 3365, 3366, 3367, 3368, 3369, 3370, 3371, 3372, 3373, 3374, 3375, 337

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Hongkong, October 25, 1955

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Bulgaria Wants Co-operation
With Her
Neighbours

Sofia, Oct. 24.

Bulgaria wants practical co-operation with
her Balkan neighbours, Greece, Yugoslavia and
Turkey. But, government officials here assert,
she does not want it at the price of acquiescing in
the Balkan Alliance.While recognising that many obstacles stand
in the way of better relations, they allege, in
private conversation, that it is the members of
the Balkan Alliance, not Bulgaria, who are going
slow.There has recently been little
public comment here on the
Alliance and on the Consultative
Assembly which its three mem-
bers are about to establish.But this, it can be argued, is
significant as indicating Bul-
garia's interest in Balkan
collaboration. For Bulgaria re-
frains from condemning publicly
an alliance which, in the eyes of
the other members of the War-
saw Pact is merely an appendage
to the North Atlantic Treaty
Pact.

ON THE CONTRARY

She is, on the contrary, watch-
ing closely preparations by the
three members of the Balkan
Alliance to found a Balkan
scientific institute and to tighten
economic and cultural co-
operation. But she has no desire
to participate as long as there
have been any connection with
the Balkan Alliance.Greece and Yugoslavia, the
officials declare, are guilty of "no
slow" tactics ever frontier
crossings. Bulgaria, they say,
proposed that a frontier crossing
be opened with Greece as the
first direct link between the two
countries but the Greek govern-
ment refused to do it.One frontier crossing point
already exists with Yugoslavia
near Dragoman in northwest
Bulgaria, but the Yugoslavs are
said to have reacted un-
favourably to Bulgarian sound-
ings about opening a second
point near Kysendil, opposite
Yugoslav Macedonia.The Yugoslavs, moreover, are
reported to be more reluctant
than the Bulgarians to allow
local people from the other side
of the border to enter their
country to visit relatives.
Macedonians live on both sides
of the frontier and are often
intermarried.

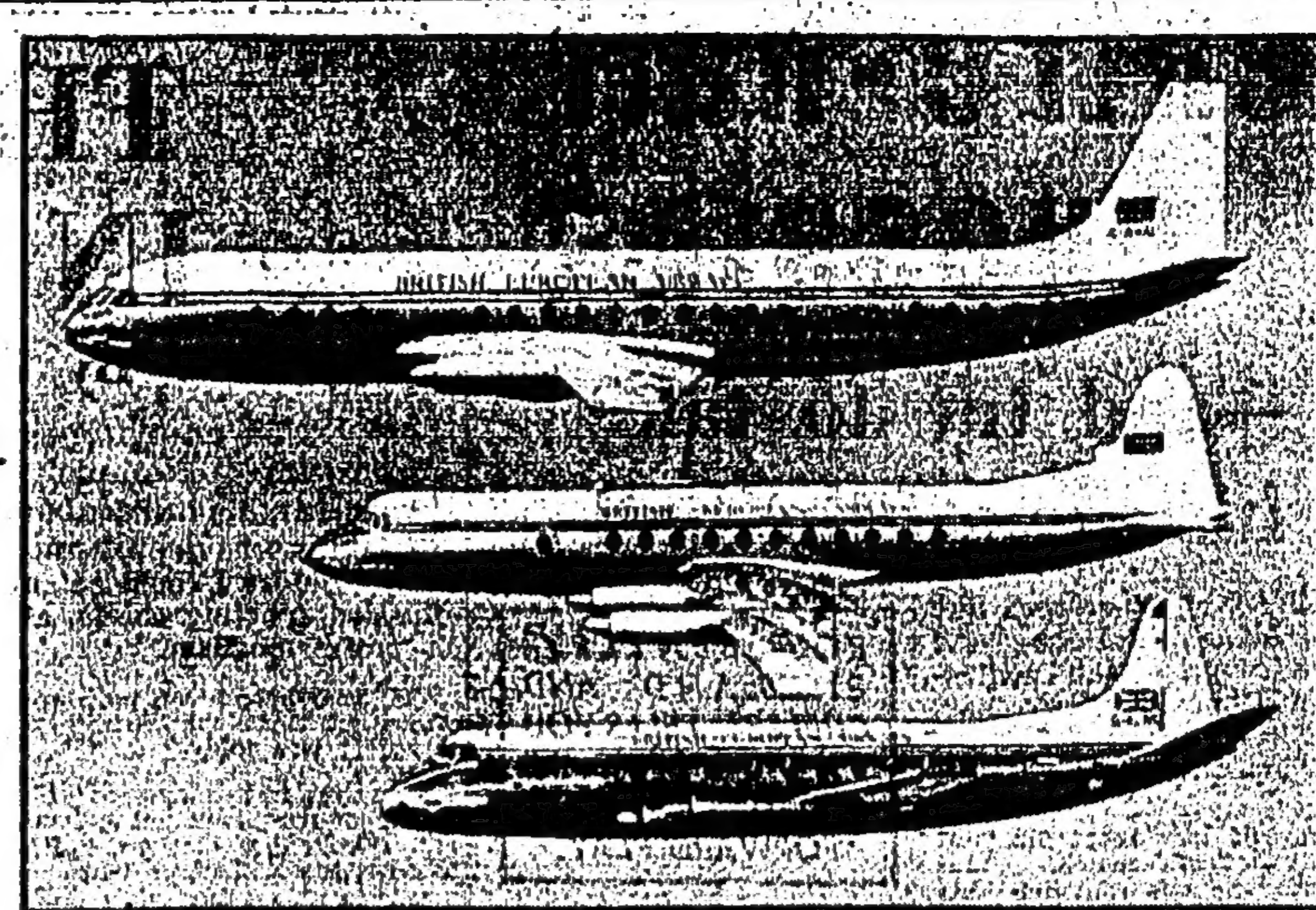
AIRCRAFT INCIDENT

These attitudes on the part of
Greece and Yugoslavia could be
attributed, the officials admit, to
a fear that Bulgaria intends to
incite agents into strategic
areas and that Bulgaria's real
aim is simply to break the
Balkan Alliance.It could also be argued that
the way in which the Bulgarian
authorities handled the investi-
gation into their shooting down
of an Israeli air liner in July
severely damaged their relations
desire for better relations.In the economic sphere, the
officials state, Bulgaria demon-
strated her desire to increase
trade with Greece by having a
pavilion at the Salonica Fair.
But Greece did not have a
pavilion at the Plovdiv Fair in
September, though some small
deals were concluded there with
Greek firms.With Yugoslavia, the next
step in co-operation is to be the
establishment of an air service
with Belgrade. Agreement in
principle on this was reached
during negotiations in Belgrade
in October. The service will be
Bulgaria's first air link outside
the Eastern bloc.

BALKAN POLITICS

One potential obstacle
to collaboration with Yugoslavia is
the Macedonian problem, which
has bedevilled Balkan politics
since last century. The Yugo-
slavs, according to Yugoslav
officials, were not satisfied with
the position of the Macedonian
minority in Bulgaria, who, they
claim, number up to 600,000.While neither side now has
any territorial aspirations
against the other, as in the old
days, the Yugoslavs say that the
Macedonian minority here is not
allowed schools, newspapers or
books in its own language, andis unable, in practice, to receive
through the post, Macedonian
language newspapers printed in
Yugoslav Macedonia.This contrasts with the posi-
tion of Bulgaria's Turkish
minority, who have Turkish
schools, books and newspapers.
In the Bulgarian view, no such
thing exists as a clearly defined
Macedonian minority. It is ad-
mitted that before 1948, when
Marshal Tito was a member of
the cominform, "methods of
persuasion" were sometimes used
to induce inhabitants of south-
west Bulgaria to regard them-
selves as Macedonians in order
to foster good relations with
Yugoslavia.

A DIALECT

But, according to Bulgarians,
the Macedonian language is
little more than a dialect of
Bulgarian and any Bulgarian
who wishes to speak as a
Macedonian could learn to do
so in a few weeks.The Bulgarians, therefore, do
not see any need to open special
schools for the Macedonians.
There is, they stress, no re-
cession of any one who speaks
the Macedonian dialect at home
or in the street in Yugoslav
Macedonia, the Bulgarians
argue, the authorities are
deliberately forming Macedonian
into a literary language by
developing it under Serb in-
fluence with many new Serb
words.—China Mail Special.Work Starts
On N. York
Airport

New York, Oct. 24.

The first pile was driven to-
day in the foundation of a
new \$17,500,000 reception
building for passengers arriving
at the New York International
Airport.Marshall D. Kochman, deputy
Director of Aviation for the
Port of New York, was at the
controls of the pile driver
that drove the first of 6,200
piles into the sandy Long
Island site.The building, scheduled for
completion by June 1, 1957,
is part of a \$60,000,000 im-
provement programme at Idle-
wild.—United Press.A new airliner built to a
BEA specification for a plane
which "will set a new world
standard in its class" has
been announced. It is the
Vickers Vanguard (or Vickers
900) seen here at the rear
with the Vickers 800 (centre)
and the Vickers 700. The
Vanguard, twice the size of
the Viscount, seats 92 to 105
passengers in three separate
cabins over a freight com-
partment the biggest in any
civil airliner. It has a
cruising speed of about 400
mph and a very high standard
of passenger comfort. It is
designed for uses over dis-
tances from about 200 to
2,500 miles, making it suitable
for almost all the world's air
routes except the very longest.
British European Airways are
negotiating to buy 20 of
them, for delivery in 1959/60.
The Vickers 700 and 800 ranges
or aircraft are claimed to
offer the world's most
economical air transport for
routes not justifying the
use of larger planes such as
the Vanguard.—Reuter Photo.Money For
Pipe Line

Damascus, Oct. 24.

Oil negotiations between
Syria and the Iraq Petro-
leum Company have been
suspended, Dr Abdul Wahab
Haumad, Syrian Finance
Minister, announced today.He said they remain suspen-
ded while Mr Arthur Herdige,
chief negotiator for the com-
pany, consulted London over
"a matter which Syria con-
siders essential."He disclosed that the com-
pany's last offer was a lump
sum of 19 million Syrian
pounds (£2 million sterling)
yearly for the company's pipe-
line crossing Syrian territory.
Syria turned down this offer
and, it is believed, insisted on
a percentage basis.The discussions began last
February. Syria wants an in-
crease in payments for the pipe
line.—Reuter.'Lemon Squeezer'
Controversy On
GENERAL TEMPLER
REVIVED IT

Wellington, Oct. 24.

The great "lemon squeezer" controversy is on
again in New Zealand.After months of public and acrimonious
discussion, Army Headquarters declared that
lemon squeezers—the accepted nickname for the
New Zealand soldier's hat—were no longer
suitable for soldiers on active service and would
be withdrawn from the regular force.Then, on a recent visit
General Sir Gerald Templer,
Chief of the Imperial General
Staff, advised the influential
Returned Servicemen's Associa-
tion to see that the lemon
squeezer was never discarded.
"Remember," he said, "it is a
symbol of New Zealand known
and greatly respected all over
the world. It really means
something to people overseas
when they see it."

SAME US DESIGN

From 1918 until 1939, the
army wore the lemon squeezer.
So for that matter did the
United States Army, whose
"campaign hat" was of the same
design.It was, however, quite useless
in World War II. It could not
be worn in a tank, a lorry, or in
battle, and was swiftly replaced,
first by the glengarry, then by
the beret. However, victory
parades brought it out once
more, and it is still being worn
by territorials.The Army was only too will-
ing to do away with it, but had
nothing with which to replace
it. The units in Korea wore
khaki berets, but there was
nothing distinctively New Zea-
land about the beret. It seemed
more likely that the lemon
squeezer would be ousted finally
by a sort of ski-cap similar to
one worn by the Canadian army.
Then the trouble started.Led by a section of the Re-
turned Servicemen's Association,
the public grew loudly sentimental
over the departing lemon
squeezer, which had been the
target of their sneers for 40
years.They were not amused when
the Army jestingly offered any
quantity of lemon squeezers to
the Boy Scouts, and were coldly
informed that the beret had
replaced the lemon squeezer for
Scouts some years ago.

WARRIOR'S FUTURES BACK

The wife of one of the leaders
of the Returned Servicemen's
Association told the Association's
annual conference last year that
it should press not only for the
retention of the lemon squeezer,
but also for the reintroduction of
pipes.The situation had just about
quietened down in August when
General Templer entered the
fray on the side of the lemon
squeezer, and started the whole
thing off again.Now the battle has become a
deadlock with both sides wait-
ing for the other to make a
move.—China Mail Special.Japan May
Support
GATT Clause

Tokyo, Oct. 24.

Japan will probably sup-
port a new "interpretation"
of Article 23 of the General
Agreement on Tariffs and
Trade (GATT) proposed by
Britain two years ago to
enable GATT members to
take speedy protective ac-
tions against dumping and
other unfair practices, ac-
cording to official Japanese
Government sources today.Britain made the proposal in
1953 in connection with Japan's
application for GATT mem-
bership, but the proposal was
shelved as a result of the GATT
decision to grant Japan pro-
visional membership, the
sources said.The sources said Japan be-
lieved the new interpretation, if
accepted, would dispel fears of
some member countries regard-
ing the effects of Japan's formal
admission into GATT.Japan became full member of
GATT in September but 14 coun-
tries, including Britain, Australia,
New Zealand, India, Rhodesia
and South Africa, invoked
Article 35, which permits mem-
bers to withhold most-favoured
nation treatment from a new
member.The sources said Japan would
make every effort to have these
countries cancel the invocation of
the "escape clause".—China Mail
Special.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

By Milk



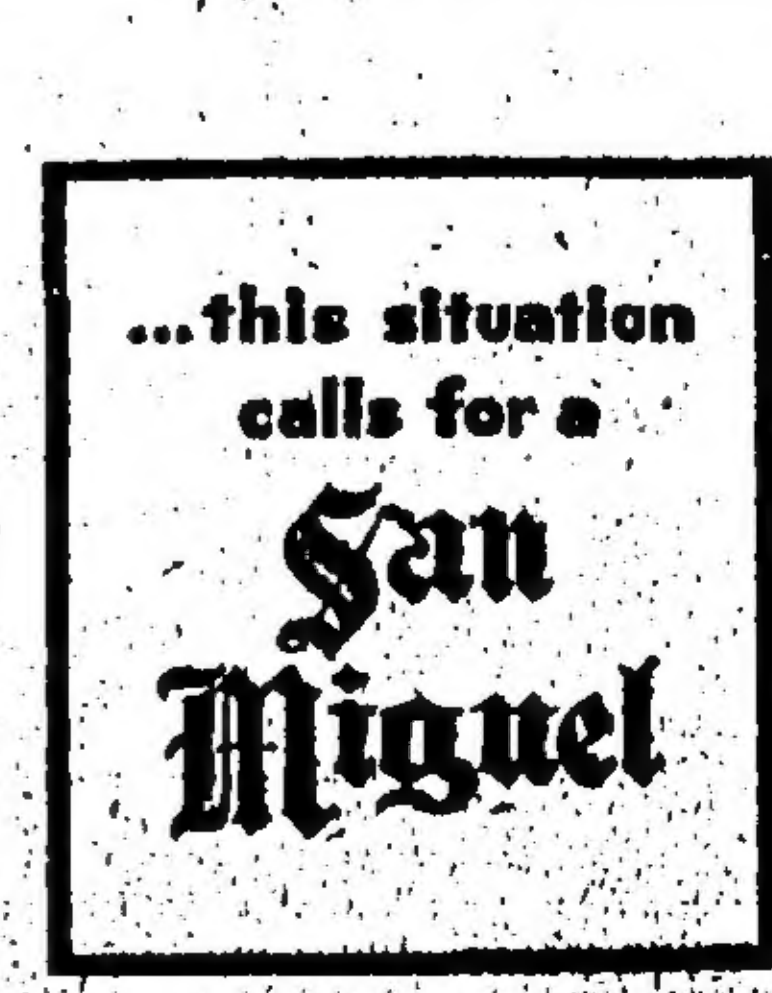
NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

AMERICAN ECONOMY

TWA Backed
By Northwest
In Manila Bid

Washington, Oct. 24. TWA's proposal to extend its present international route beyond Bombay and Ceylon to Manila was supported by Northwest Airlines at a preliminary hearing before CAB Examiner William J. Madden.

"Northwest Airlines hopes to see TWA's application granted as promptly as possible," NWA's attorney commented at the hearing conference.

Approval of TWA's application would establish a second U.S. flag round-the-world service enabling TWA to connect with NWA at Manila. A round-the-world service was originally contemplated in 1946 when TWA was authorized to join NWA at Shanghai. This route, however, was closed off because of Communist activity in China and TWA subsequently requested an extension to Tokyo via Hongkong which the CAB did not grant.

A hearing to consider TWA's new proposal has been tentatively scheduled for Jan. 24.

Interest Focused
On Automation
And Its Impact

By JOHN MORKA

New York, Oct. 24.

Americans talked last week of automation and of its sociological and economic impact on the nation.

Interest was focused on Washington where a congressional subcommittee heard conflicting testimony by experts on the implications of this new concept in the streamlining of production and the processing of goods.

The big question for labor, however, was the impact on the many jobs which automation will displace.

For business, how to meet the tremendous demand for goods with more efficient cost-cutting processes employing electronic techniques in some cases at least 1,000 times more efficient than present relatively burdensome devices.

The automation industry is not something that has sprung overnight. It has been long developing.

In recent years, progress has been so tremendous that to some observers, it now appears

that new advances in automation have far outdistanced management's ability to comprehend what it can do.

Businessmen faced with a shortage of material, stepped-up demand generally, and rising costs of production, are now giving more attention than ever before to automation. So much so that the automation industry, according to estimates, now includes about 1,000 companies with links to at least a dozen other companies.

It is now a \$3,000 million business, growing at a few billions, and the take is nowhere in sight.

Last week, labor leader Mr. Walter Reuther urged a gradual reduction in the working week to 30 or 35 hours as a cushion to protect the workers from automation. He estimated that to maintain present high levels of economic activity in the United States, the US will have to turn out from 6 to 7 per cent more goods and services yearly, compared to an average gain of 5 per cent. Expansion at this rate is necessary to make jobs for 800,000 to 1,250,000 workers annually, he said, and to prevent displacement each year of some 3.5 million workers when productivity rises by 5 or 6 per cent.

New Industries

But industry spokesmen were quick to challenge Mr. Reuther's fears. They insisted, instead, that automation will provide more and cheaper goods, in effect make for more jobs and new industries which will crop up to supply the requirements of automatic production. Further, they argued, automation's impact will not affect all industries at the same time; that its impact will be at different levels.

Of course, no one is certain just what form automation may take. It's still in a tremendously dynamic stage and its numerous applications haven't been tailored yet to suit individual industries or plants.

But this much is certain to most observers: Automation, like the auto, is here to stay. How fast automation will become commonplace is still open to debate. Some believe it will be a gradual process. Others, like Dunn's Review and Modern Industry, feel that it is just around the corner, that its immediate impact will be felt in the data collecting and office units of big industries.

Breakthrough

"The next decade will see breakthroughs in automatic processing and transmission of vital business data beyond the imagination of management today. These will be of such importance as operating tools that whole organizations will be re-created and new departments formed for new functions."

Business Week, on the other hand, insists automation still has a long way to go. Workers have to be trained, management has to cut costs of the new equipment and the consumer has to be educated.

"It is still difficult to imagine a factory where you can toss a couple of cotton balls in one side of a gargantuan machine and then run around to catch a packaged shirt as it pops out the other end," it observed.

The future, it added, will probably bring out automation, but in moderation.

Automation, it said, will come not so much as a tidal wave but more as a series of ground swells.—United Press.

HONGKONG
STOCK
EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$770,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
BANKS			
HSBC	1700	1710	10 @ 1710
INDUSTRIALS			
Union	600	645	11 @ 645
Lombard	50		
Underwriters		10	
DOCKS, ETC.			
K. Wharf	70	71	
Dock		29.50	
Freight			
(Old)	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 9.50
Wheeler	9.50	9.50	1500 @ 9.40
			2000 @ 9.40

LAND, ETC.

HSBC	10.20	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20
HSBC	10 1/2	10 1/2	100 @ 10.20

UTILITIES

HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2
HSBC	24.20	24.60	100 @ 24 1/2

Electricity

HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2
HSBC	42 1/2	43 1/2	1000 @ 43 1/2

Stores, ETC.

HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20
HSBC	30.20	30.40	1200 @ 30.20

COTTON

HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70
HSBC	3.70	3.80	1000 @ 3.70

MISCELLANEOUS

HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95
HSBC	1.00	1.00	8000 @ 0.95

WORLD RUBBER PRICES

HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	
HSBC	11.00	12	

NEW YORK

HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		
HSBC	110		

LONDON

HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		
HSBC	35-37 1/2		

AMSTERDAM

HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		

SAO PAULO

HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		

LIVERPOOL

HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		

Exchange Rates

HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		

London Foreign Exchange

HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		

Exchange Rates

HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
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Exchange Rates

HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
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Exchange Rates

HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
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HSBC	100		
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HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		
HSBC	100		

Fadden Urges
Gold Price
Increase

Canberra, Oct. 24. Sir Arthur Fadden, Australian Federal Treasurer, today advocated a higher world price for gold and lower European tariffs on primary products as essential moves towards world currency convertibility.

Sir Arthur, who is also Deputy Premier, told the Federal Council of the Country (Coalition) Party that continued low gold prices prevented gold production from playing an effective part in international settlements.

He urged that as soon as progress had been made towards convertibility in other aspects, the enlargement of gold reserves and the reinforcement of earning power by an increase in the gold price should be undertaken.

(Mr. Eric Lowe, South African Finance Minister, urged an increase in the world price of gold when he addressed the yearly meeting of the World Bank in Istanbul last month.)—China Mail Special.

WORLD
COTTON
MARKETS

New York, Oct. 24.

New crop cotton futures today plummeted to seasonal lows, suffering losses up to \$7.20 a bale before the market leveled off to make about a half-way recovery.

At the close the list showed recoveries up to \$4.25 a bale from the lows but still finished with net losses of 7 to 50 points. New Orleans closed off 10 to 30 points.

It was the sharpest break since Oct. 3 when the market plummeted almost a like amount, on sharply higher crop prospects.

Today's selling, coming from foreign interest, commission houses, locals and accumulated weekend hedging, touched off stop loss orders on a mid-morning break which pushed July ten points.

Traders attributed the selling spurge to 1. Weakness at Liverpool; 2. Growing emphasis on the increasing world-wide surplus of raw cotton; 3. Uncertainty about future domestic prices support levels.

The International Cotton Advisory Committee, over the week-end, warned that if present production trends continue, overseas consumers, in two or three years, will be able to get along without importing a single bale of American cotton.

Despite approval of high price ceilings, expressed by some presidential candidates, traders were more affected by comments of two Southern legislators. Senator Eastland was quoted to effect that he believed the next Congress will be liquidated in an orderly manner at competitive prices.

Senator Ellender was quoted to the effect he believed there was not a ghost of a chance that Congress will restore rigid high farm price supports next year.

NEW YORK

HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		

NEW ORLEANS

HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		

LIVERPOOL

HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		
HSBC	34 1/2		</

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CHINA MAIL

Page 10

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1955.

STARTS INSTANTLY
NEVER MISSES
SHEAFFER'S
GLICKER
MEDIUM & FINE
BALLPOINTS AVAILABLE

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

AFTER CHURCH

THE two boys had been to church. They came out and paused to talk for a moment or two of the service they had attended, or of the people who had been there, or when they would next meet.

One of the boys had a bus to catch from the other side of the road. His friend strolled across the road with him. They continued to talk on the pavement. They were surprised when two policemen came to them and said: "Move along there, now, move along." The boys moved a few yards and resumed talking.

OBSTRUCTION
THE boys did not take very much notice of their surroundings. Recalling the incident later, they thought they remembered seeing four or five men hanging about on the same pavement as they.

The two policemen, trained to be observant, saw 20-30 men hanging about, decided there was an obstruction to the free passage of the footway, and asked everyone to move along. The 20-30 (or four or five) men moved off. The two policemen said to the two boys: "Thought we told you to move on."

"We'll move in a minute," one of the boys—David—said. "Must be better come along to the station," said a policeman. "You're obstructing an officer in the course of his duty." "Really," said David. "Are you trying to make us into a police state?"

FREED ON RAIL
A POLICE van was sent for. The boys were put into it. They were taken to the police station, charged, allowed bail, and freed.

Next morning at Clerkenwell, David, a quietly-spoken young man, and Philip, his friend, who was on leave from the Army, pleaded not guilty to obstructing the police.

One officer, and then the other, told his story of the incident to Mr E. G. Robey, the magistrate.

'ABUSE'
"I'd like to know," said David, "when question-time came, why I was abused by most filthy language—a really surprising filthy language. And I'd like to mention the rough way we were handled. I thought it was disgraceful."

"Yes," said the magistrate, "but I am not trying a case against the police for assault. I have to decide about the incident in the street."

"I didn't think there was a law against talking to someone in the street," said David. "I saw only four or five people near."

ENCOURAGING OTHERS
"I AM not suggesting," said a police officer, "that these two young men had anything to do with the rest, who were men from a common lodging house who make a habit on Sunday mornings of congregating there. As I told these two, by their example, they encouraged the others to gather again, after they had been dispersed."

"I was taken absolutely by surprise," said Philip. "And then the way that the police got hold of my friend when he..."

"This is not an inquiry as to whether a police officer exceeded by his duties," said the magistrate when Philip had finished his long complaint.

RELIEVED
"I'M not investigating whether the police were rough or used improper language to young men just come out of church," he went on. "But I am satisfied that you wouldn't have been arrested if you hadn't defied the police. In view of all the circumstances, I shall discharge you absolutely."

"This way now," the gaoler said, and beckoned the two boys out. They went, looking at once relieved and puzzled, and the policemen who had arrested them moved over to the inspector's desk to have their duty-cards signed for the time they had spent in court.

Aircraft Carrier To Be Scrapped

London, Oct. 24. The Admiralty announced today that the aircraft carrier "Impetuous" which has been in drydock since last September, will be sold as scrap iron. The 20,000-ton carrier was built in 1944 and returned in 1949-50.

ANTI-COLONIALISM DEBATE

Objections To Self-Determination Draft Article

United Nations, Oct. 24. Britain, the Netherlands and Nationalist China warned the United Nations today that the vigorous anti-colonialism campaign of some nations could be a "turning point" for the organisation and admonished them for disregarding the denial of liberties to peoples outside the colonial sphere.

All three opposed the inclusion in the draft convention on human rights of an article affirming the right of self-determination—the right of "all peoples and all nations" to determine freely their own political, economic, social and cultural status.

The British delegate told the UN Social Committee the disputed article was so explosive that the UN must decide "whether in the name of a great principle we are going to put this political dynamite in the troubled world in which we live."

The issue was so grave, he said, that "this is a turning point in the debate on self-determination. It is also a turning point in the history of these covenants. It may well be a turning point in the history of the United Nations."

DUTCH CRITICISM

The Netherlands delegate, Professor Dr L. J. C. Beukers, criticised the sponsors of the self-determination clause for limiting their arguments to colonial problems. He told them they should look "over the world and they would find many peoples and nations outside the so-called colonial sphere who would like to express themselves on self-determination and have the slightest chance to do so."

Dr Hsueh Yu-chi of Nationalist China told the Committee: "While we are debating, many nations and peoples are being deprived of their human rights in Europe and some parts of Asia. This is a tragic situation we must not ignore."

Dr Hsueh said that the UN "while striving for perfection may lose all that is dear" to it and urged the Committee to work for universal acceptance of the human rights covenant by finding the broadest possible area of agreement, rather than dragging them through a series of compromises. He said that the UN "will be unable to accept them if the self-determination clause is retained. He warned specifically against allowing "any concept of secession to creep into the principle of self-determination."

POLITICAL RIGHTS

The British delegate asserted that support of the "principle" of self-determination but stressed that efforts to transform this had created an issue which "goes to the heart of the political rights of any state in which it might be raised. It would involve carving up territory or the creation of new states."

The covenants as drafted, he said, would "place upon all states the obligation to promote this right in respect of whatever can be regarded as a people. When we consider this in relation to the world as we know it, we must recognise that there are many areas in which an essential question that is raised or could be raised is under what government a particular group wishes to be. That is the question of self-determination. It is nothing else."

He questioned how the phrase "all peoples and all nations" could be applied in practice and observed: "We have areas where there is a dispute over sovereignty. We have disputed border areas where the question is whether the people on one side should be united with their brethren on the other side. We have enclaves where the question is a boundary."

Under the proposed article, he said, any group "which claims to be a people" could put forward its claims, and he asked how many such groups at present "not insistent would be stimulated to press" the claims if the clause were approved.

NOT IN FEAR

The Netherlands delegate said his government did not oppose the self-determination clause because it was a principle of the application of the principle in the territory of Netherlands New Guinea. On the contrary, the Netherlands government and the Netherlands people

Four Women Trampled To Death

Manila, Oct. 25.

A stampede by some 500 female students of a beauty culture school in Manila late yesterday afternoon resulted in the death of four of them and injury to 24 others, police records showed today.

The stampede occurred shortly after a fire broke out at a group of Army surplus shops near or adjoining the beauty academy. Killed were Mrs. Blenvenida Roxas of Quezon City, Lourdes Fernandez of Pandacan District, Ursula Maniego of Pasay City and an unidentified woman. All were students of the academy.

The students were attending classes on the second floor of the building when the fire started. Panic-stricken, they scamped out of their rooms into a narrow hall leading to the main entrance—the only exit in the building.

When order was restored four women were found trampled to death. Damage to property and merchandise was estimated at \$25,000.—United Press.

London Captivated By Performers

London, Oct. 24.

Fresh from its recent successes in France, Switzerland and Italy the Classical Theatre of the People's Republic of China scored another triumph in London tonight.

At the Palace Theatre it was given a tremendous reception by a packed audience of 1,400 people, among whom were 300 Chinese, including the Chinese Charge d'Affaires, Mr Huan Hsiang.

For the first time the National Anthem of the People's Republic of China was played in a London Theatre at the beginning of the performance following "God Save the Queen."

The company presented a programme of dances and excerpts from Chinese operas and comedies, which captivated the London public with its colourfulness and artistry.

The spectators were struck by the superb mimicry of the players, combined with amazing acrobatic agility. Praises for the beauty of the costumes and the taste of the production were heard everywhere.

There were frequent cheers and loud applause during the performance and the whole company took several curtain calls at the end.—Reuters.

Kerosene Stove Fire

A kerosene stove was the cause of a small fire that broke out shortly before noon today at 60A Post Street, first floor. The fire was put out by the inmates before the arrival of a fire engine.

HK Contributes To BBC Programme



Tonight at 10.30 Radio Hongkong is relaying a new series of BBC programmes called "Asia on the Air".

These programmes will include many of the outstanding items broadcast by radio stations in Southeast Asia and the Far East.

Radio Hongkong will be represented tonight with a performance of "Hongkong Summer-time" a swing composition composed specially by a Hongkong musician, Tony Arevello for the World Jazz Festival in New York.

Photo shows recording session in action in the Concert Hall of Radio Hongkong. Left to right: Tony Lopez, local representative of the World Jazz Festival; Tony Arevello, the composer; Neon Dizon, President of the Musicians Union; and David Lytle, Controller of Broadcasting, Radio Hongkong.

Boys Killed 'By Powerful Sadists'

Chicago, Oct. 24.

A coroner's pathologist said today that two or more "powerful sadists" beat a 13-year-old boy to death and strangled his two young companions.

Dr Jerry Kearns made the report to the Coroner. Mr Walter McCarron, at the resumed inquest into the murders of Robert Peterson, 13, John Schuessler, 13, and John's 11-year-old brother, Anton.

Dr Kearns said John Schuessler died from a severe blow to the neck and he also was beaten violently about the head.

The two other boys were choked to death, the doctor said. He believed Robert was strangled with a noose, possibly made out of a tie, but he could not say what method of strangulation killed Anton.

All, he said, "must have put up a terrific battle."

Macao Honours Men's Memory

Macao, Oct. 25.

The Macao Urban Council in its last meeting, decided to honour the memory of two late citizens of the Colony, by giving their names to two streets in the city.

They are the Rua Dr Ricardo de Sousa and Rua Comendador Ko Ho Ning.

Dr Ricardo de Sousa was the man responsible for the first postal service between Macao and the neighbouring ports, in 1863, with the establishment of a through mail service done by boats calling at Macao.

In 1884 Dr Sousa was appointed the first Postmaster of the Colony.

In the absence of postage stamps, a "label" was issued by the Macao Post Office, which was attached to letters posted.

The late Mr Ko Ho-ning, a Commander of the Order of Christ, was a well-known figure both in Hongkong and Macao where his charitable donations to the underprivileged were outstanding.—France Press.

Corruption Charge

Complainant's Denials In Witness Box

A denial that he put his hand around accused's shoulder and shipped \$380 into the latter's breast pocket was made by the complainant in the trial of a traffic constable charged with corruption and extortion before Judge J. Reynolds at the Victoria District Court this morning.

Complainant, Hung King-chuen, a garage supervisor, was replying to questions put to him in cross-examination. The accused is Lui Yee-chuen, 24, a native of Shan-tung. He is alleged to have corruptly received \$380 on behalf of himself and other members of the traffic branch for forbearing to do their duty in respect of possible future breaches of the Vehicle and Road Traffic Ordinance by the drivers of certain public vehicles under the supervision or control of Hung King-chuen on July 15.

Lui is also alleged to have extorted the money from Hung. Mr R.W.S. Winter is representing Lui. Instructed by Mr G. E. S. Stevenson of J. C. Stewart and Co. Inspector K. Bodie is prosecuting.

Yesterday, complainant had given evidence that, acting on the instructions of the Anti-Corruption Branch, he passed the \$380 to accused when the latter asked for it at his garage in No. 5 Stewart Road.

Continuing his cross-examination, Mr Winter asked him if the instructions from the Anti-Corruption Branch were that he should hand over the money to Lui under any circumstances.

Hung said that was not so. His instructions were that if he accused wanted the money he should hand it to him.

Mr Winter put it to complainant that he put his arm around accused's shoulder and put the money into accused's right breast pocket. Hung denied this.

Counsel told complainant that his story then was that he (complainant) counted out the money openly in front of everybody in the garage and then put it into Lui's breast pocket after Lui had indicated that pocket, all in front of everyone.

Hung said that when he counted out the money there was only one other person in the garage besides Lui and himself.

MADE REPORTS
Re-examined, complainant agreed he had told the Court that, subjected to Lui's arrest, he reported to the Anti-Corruption Branch each time he received a traffic summons in respect of the cars under his supervision.

Asked the purpose of these reports, Hung said he wanted to investigate whether these summonses were justified or not.

Questioned as to whether or not he received any "favours" from the Police, Hung said the Police did not give him any assistance. The summonses were brought up in Court as usual. Hearing is proceeding.

Demand \$2,000 Mail With Menaces Allegation

Allegations of a demand of \$2,000 with menaces, by means of a letter from a dairy farm in Kowloon City were heard before Mr J. R. Gregg, Acting Senior Puisne Judge at the Criminal Sessions this morning.

On trial was a middle-aged man, Lui Chau-man, who pleaded not guilty to a charge of uttering a letter demanding money with menaces.

Two other accused, Wong Man-hung, alias Hung Chai, and Yu Hung, alias Wan Yu-hung, alias Wan Fuk, charged with the same count, were discharged when Mr D. N. E. Rea, Crown Counsel, prosecuting, entered a nolle prosequi.

An all-male jury was empanelled. Outlining the case for the Prosecution, Mr Rea said that the complainant, a widow, the manageress of the Wah Nam Dairy Farm, and owned about 50 cows, each of which was worth \$3,000.

One of her employees, Wong Sang, would testify that it was a normal practice to go to No. 101 Tam Kung Road, for the purpose of bringing back pasteurised milk and on July 17, when visiting the address, he found a letter dated July 5, addressed to his employer. Re-turning with the letter, he read the contents to his employer as she was illiterate.

THE LETTER

Mr Rea then read the contents of the letter to the jury. In the letter, it was stated that a certain Corps was passing through the complainant's farm and needed expenses. The letter demanded \$2,000 and threatened that the Corps would blow up the cowshed if the money was not paid.

The letter further requested the complainant to place the money underneath a newspaper at a certain place in Chai Wan at 10 a.m. on July 8. It also threatened that if the money was not paid, the Police would be in danger of your life.

On the following day, Mr Rea said, the complainant took the letter to the Kowloon City Police Station and made a report. As a result of investigations, Det. Sub-Inspector Hung-chuen, with a party of Police, arrested the accused in a hut in Fuk Wah Village.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. 6. Time Signal and Programme Summary; 6.00, BBC Bandstand; 6.15, Youth Brigade; 6.30, National Youth Brass Band; 6.45, Denis Wright (BBCT); 6.50, "First Hearing" presented by Alex Morris (Studio); 7.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 7.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 7.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 7.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 8.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 8.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 8.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 8.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 9.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 9.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 9.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 9.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 10.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 10.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 10.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 10.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 11.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 11.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 11.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 11.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 12.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 12.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 12.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 12.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 1.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 1.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 1.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 1.45, The Beatles (BBCT); 2.00, The Beatles (BBCT); 2.15, The Beatles (BBCT); 2.30, The Beatles (BBCT); 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